

Safety Data Sheet

According to Annex II to REACH - Regulation 2020/878 and to Annex II to UK REACH

SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product name
UFI :

**PLT TEX A ECO WHITE: 160, 160 HD,
ERA1-W0W1-800J-4M7Q**

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use **Screen printing ink.**

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Name
Full address
District and Country

**COMEC ITALIA SRL
Piazzale del lavoro 149
21044 Cavarina (VA)
ITALIA**

Tel. +39 0331 219516

Fax +39 0331 216161

e-mail address of the competent person
responsible for the Safety Data Sheet
Supplier:

**info@comec-italia.it
Edgardo Baggini**

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For urgent inquiries refer to

**CENTRO ANTIVELENI OSPEDALE NIGUARDA MILANO Tel. 02/66101029 (24/24h) -
CENTRO ANTIVELENI POLICLINICO A.GEMELL ROMA Tel. 06/3054343 (24/24h) -**

SECTION 2. Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in (EC) Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of (EU) Regulation 2020/878. Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Hazard classification and indication:

| | | |
|--|------|------------------------------------|
| Flammable liquid, category 3 | H226 | Flammable liquid and vapour. |
| Eye irritation, category 2 | H319 | Causes serious eye irritation. |
| Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3 | H336 | May cause drowsiness or dizziness. |

2.2. Label elements

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

Hazard pictograms:



Signal words: Warning

Hazard statements:

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Precautionary statements:

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing / eye protection / face protection.
P370+P378 In case of fire: use chemical powder, CO2 or dry send to extinguish.
P261 Avoid breathing dust, gas or vapours.
P312 Call a POISON CENTRE or a doctor if you feel unwell.
P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Contains: 2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE
 2-ETHOSSI-1-METHYL ETHYL ACETATE

2.3. Other hazards

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage \geq than 0,1%.

The product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties in concentration \geq 0.1%.

SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Contains:

| Identification | x = Conc. % | Classification (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) |
|--|--------------------|-------------------------------------|
| TITANIUM DIOXIDE | | |
| INDEX - | $45 \leq x < 47,5$ | |
| EC 236-675-5 | | |
| CAS 13463-67-7 | | |
| 2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE | | |
| INDEX 607-195-00-7 | $13,5 \leq x < 15$ | Flam. Liq. 3 H226, STOT SE 3 H336 |
| EC 203-603-9 | | |
| CAS 108-65-6 | | |
| REACH Reg. 01-2119475791-29-xxxx | | |
| Poliuretains Resin | | |

INDEX $12 \leq x < 13,5$

EC

CAS -

2-ETHOSSI-1-METHYL ETHYL ACETATE

INDEX 603-177-00-8 $12 \leq x < 13,5$ Flam. Liq. 3 H226, STOT SE 3 H336

EC 259-370-9

CAS 54839-24-6

REACH Reg. 01-2119475116-39xxxx

4-HYDROXY-4-METHYLPENTAN-2-ONE

INDEX 603-016-00-1 $10,5 \leq x < 12$ Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Eye Irrit. 2 H319

EC 204-626-7

CAS 123-42-2

REACH Reg. 01-2119473975-21xxxx

DIPROPYLEN GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER

INDEX - $1,5 \leq x < 2$ Substance with a community workplace exposure limit.

EC 252-104-2

CAS 34590-94-8

REACH Reg. 01-2119450011-60xxxx

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

SECTION 4. First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. If problem persists, seek medical advice.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Wash immediately with plenty of water. If irritation persists, get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before using it again.

INHALATION: Remove to open air. In the event of breathing difficulties, get medical advice/attention immediately.

INGESTION: Get medical advice/attention. Induce vomiting only if indicated by the doctor. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person, unless authorised by a doctor.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Information not available

SECTION 5. Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Extinguishing substances are: carbon dioxide, foam, chemical powder. For product loss or leakage that has not caught fire, water spray can be used to

disperse flammable vapours and protect those trying to stem the leak.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Do not use jets of water. Water is not effective for putting out fires but can be used to cool containers exposed to flames to prevent explosions.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE

Excess pressure may form in containers exposed to fire at a risk of explosion. Do not breathe combustion products.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

SECTION 6. Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

Send away individuals who are not suitably equipped. Use explosion-proof equipment. Eliminate all sources of ignition (cigarettes, flames, sparks, etc.) from the leakage site.

6.2. Environmental precautions

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Keep away from heat, sparks and naked flames; do not smoke or use matches or lighters. Without adequate ventilation, vapours may accumulate at ground level and, if ignited, catch fire even at a distance, with the danger of backfire. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove any contaminated clothes and personal protective equipment before entering places in which people eat. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store only in the original container. Store in a cool and well ventilated place, keep far away from sources of heat, naked flames and sparks and other sources of ignition. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Information not available

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Regulatory References:

| | | |
|-----|-----------------|--|
| BGR | България | НАРЕДБА № 13 ОТ 30 ДЕКЕМВРИ 2003 Г. ЗА ЗАЩИТА НА РАБОТЕЩИТЕ ОТ РИСКОВЕ, СВЪРЗАНИ С ЕКСПОЗИЦИЯ НА ХИМИЧНИ АГЕНТИ ПРИ РАБОТА (изм. ДВ. бр.5 от 17 Януари 2020г.) |
| CZE | Česká Republika | Nařízení vlády č. 41/2020 Sb. Nařízení vlády, kterým se mění nařízení vlády č. 361/2007 Sb., kterým se stanoví podmínky ochrany zdraví při práci, ve znění pozdějších předpisů |
| DEU | Deutschland | Technischen Regeln für Gefahrstoffe (TRGS 900) - Liste der Arbeitsplatzgrenzwerte und Kurzzeitwerte. MAK- und BAT-Werte-Liste 2020, Ständige Senatskommission zur Prüfung gesundheitsschädlicher Arbeitsstoffe, Mitteilung 56 |
| DNK | Danmark | Bekendtgørelse om grænseværdier for stoffer og materialer - BEK nr 1458 af 13/12/2019 |
| ESP | España | Límites de exposición profesional para agentes químicos en España 2021 |
| FRA | France | Valeurs limites d'exposition professionnelle aux agents chimiques en France. ED 984 - INRS |
| ITA | Italia | Decreto Legislativo 9 Aprile 2008, n.81 |
| NLD | Nederland | Arbeidsomstandighedenregeling. Lijst van wettelijke grenswaarden op grond van de artikelen 4.3, eerste lid, en 4.16, eerste lid, van het Arbeidsomstandighedenbesluit |
| PRT | Portugal | Decreto-Lei n.º 1/2021 de 6 de janeiro, valores-limite de exposição profissional indicativos para os agentes químicos. Decreto-Lei n.º 35/2020 de 13 de julho, proteção dos trabalhadores contra os riscos ligados à exposição durante o trabalho a agentes cancerígenos ou mutagénicos |
| POL | Polska | Rozporządzenie ministra rozwoju, pracy i technologii z dnia 18 lutego 2021 r. Zmieniające rozporządzenie w sprawie najwyższych dopuszczalnych stężeń i natężeń czynników szkodliwych dla zdrowia w środowisku pracy |
| ROU | România | Hotărârea nr. 53/2021 pentru modificarea hotărârii guvernului nr. 1.218/2006, precum și pentru modificarea și completarea hotărârii guvernului nr. 1.093/2006 |
| SWE | Sverige | Hygieniska gränsvärden, Arbetsmiljöverkets föreskrifter och allmänna råd om hygieniska gränsvärden (AFS 2018:1) |
| TUR | Türkiye | Kimyasal Maddelerde Çalışmalarda Sağlık ve Güvenlik Önlemleri Hakkında Yönetmelik 12.08.2013 / 28733 |
| GBR | United Kingdom | EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020) |
| EU | OEL EU | Directive (EU) 2022/431; Directive (EU) 2019/1831; Directive (EU) 2019/130; Directive (EU) 2019/983; Directive (EU) 2017/2398; Directive (EU) 2017/164; Directive 2009/161/EU; Directive 2006/15/EC; Directive 2004/37/EC; Directive 2000/39/EC; Directive 98/24/EC; Directive 91/322/EEC. |
| | TLV-ACGIH | ACGIH 2021 |

TITANIUM DIOXIDE

Threshold Limit Value

| Type | Country | TWA/8h | | STEL/15min | | Remarks / Observations |
|-----------|---------|--------|-----|------------|-----|------------------------|
| | | mg/m3 | ppm | mg/m3 | ppm | |
| TLV | BGR | 10 | | | | RESP |
| TLV | DNK | 6 | | | | Som Ti |
| VLA | ESP | 10 | | | | |
| VLEP | FRA | 10 | | | | |
| NDS/NDSch | POL | 10 | | | | INHAL |
| TLV | ROU | 10 | | 15 | | |
| NGV/KGV | SWE | 5 | | | | Totaldamm |
| WEL | GBR | 10 | | | | INHAL |
| WEL | GBR | 4 | | | | RESP |
| TLV-ACGIH | | 2,5 | | | | RESP |

Predicted no-effect concentration - PNEC

| | | |
|--|-------|-------|
| Normal value in fresh water | 0,127 | mg/l |
| Normal value in marine water | 1 | mg/l |
| Normal value for fresh water sediment | 1000 | mg/kg |
| Normal value for marine water sediment | 100 | mg/kg |
| Normal value for water, intermittent release | 0,61 | mg/l |
| Normal value of STP microorganisms | 100 | mg/l |
| Normal value for the terrestrial compartment | 100 | mg/kg |

Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL

| Route of exposure | Effects on consumers | | | | Effects on workers | | | |
|-------------------|----------------------|----------------|---------------|------------------|--------------------|----------------|---------------|------------------|
| | Acute local | Acute systemic | Chronic local | Chronic systemic | Acute local | Acute systemic | Chronic local | Chronic systemic |
| Oral | | | | 700 mg/m3 | | | | |
| Inhalation | | | | | | | | 10 mg/m3 |

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

Threshold Limit Value

| Type | Country | TWA/8h | | STEL/15min | | Remarks / Observations |
|-----------|---------|--------|-------|------------|-------|------------------------|
| | | mg/m3 | ppm | mg/m3 | ppm | |
| TLV | BGR | 275 | 50 | 550 | 100 | SKIN |
| TLV | CZE | 270 | 49,14 | 550 | 100,1 | SKIN |
| AGW | DEU | 270 | 50 | 270 | 50 | |
| MAK | DEU | 270 | 50 | 270 | 50 | |
| TLV | DNK | 275 | 50 | | | SKIN E |
| VLA | ESP | 275 | 50 | 550 | 100 | SKIN |
| VLEP | FRA | 275 | 50 | 550 | 100 | SKIN |
| VLEP | ITA | 275 | 50 | 550 | 100 | SKIN |
| TGG | NLD | 550 | | | | |
| VLE | PRT | 275 | 50 | 550 | 100 | SKIN |
| NDS/NDSch | POL | 260 | | 520 | | SKIN |
| TLV | ROU | 275 | 50 | 550 | 100 | SKIN |
| NGV/KGV | SWE | 275 | 50 | 550 | 100 | SKIN |
| ESD | TUR | 275 | 50 | 550 | 100 | SKIN |
| WEL | GBR | 274 | 50 | 548 | 100 | SKIN |
| OEL | EU | 275 | 50 | 550 | 100 | SKIN |

Predicted no-effect concentration - PNEC

| | | |
|--|--------|-------|
| Normal value in fresh water | 0,635 | mg/l |
| Normal value in marine water | 0,0635 | mg/l |
| Normal value for fresh water sediment | 3,29 | mg/kg |
| Normal value for marine water sediment | 0,329 | mg/l |
| Normal value for water, intermittent release | 6,35 | mg/l |
| Normal value of STP microorganisms | 100 | mg/l |
| Normal value for the terrestrial compartment | 0,29 | mg/kg |

Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL

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Replaced revision:3 (Dated: 06/09/2021)

| Route of exposure | Effects on consumers | | | | Effects on workers | | | |
|-------------------|----------------------|----------------|---------------|------------------|--------------------|----------------|---------------|------------------|
| | Acute local | Acute systemic | Chronic local | Chronic systemic | Acute local | Acute systemic | Chronic local | Chronic systemic |
| Oral | | | VND | 1,67 mg/kg | | | | |
| Inhalation | | | 33 mg/m3 | 33 mg/m3 | 550 mg/m3 | | VND | 275 mg/m3 |
| Skin | | | VND | 54,8 mg/kg | | | VND | 153,5 mg/kg |

2-ETHOSSI-1-METHYL ETHYL ACETATE

Threshold Limit Value

| Type | Country | TWA/8h | | STEL/15min | | Remarks / Observations | |
|---|---------|--------|-----|------------|-----|------------------------|---------|
| | | mg/m3 | ppm | mg/m3 | ppm | | |
| AGW | DEU | 120 | 20 | 240 | 40 | SKIN | 14 |
| MAK | DEU | 120 | 20 | 240 | 40 | SKIN | Hinweis |
| Predicted no-effect concentration - PNEC | | | | | | | |
| Normal value in fresh water | | | | 2 | | mg/l | |
| Normal value in marine water | | | | 0,8 | | mg/l | |
| Normal value for fresh water sediment | | | | 8,2 | | mg/kg | |
| Normal value for marine water sediment | | | | 0,6 | | mg/kg | |
| Normal value for water, intermittent release | | | | 2 | | mg/l | |
| Normal value of STP microorganisms | | | | 62,5 | | mg/kg | |
| Normal value for the food chain (secondary poisoning) | | | | 117 | | mg/kg | |
| Normal value for the terrestrial compartment | | | | 0,6 | | mg/kg | |

Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL

| Route of exposure | Effects on consumers | | | | Effects on workers | | | |
|-------------------|----------------------|----------------|---------------|------------------|--------------------|----------------|---------------|------------------|
| | Acute local | Acute systemic | Chronic local | Chronic systemic | Acute local | Acute systemic | Chronic local | Chronic systemic |
| Oral | | | VND | 13,1 mg/kg | | | | |
| Inhalation | VND | 365 mg/m3 | VND | 181 mg/m3 | VND | 608 mg/m3 | VND | 302 mg/m3 |
| Skin | | | VND | 62 mg/kg | | | VND | 103 mg/kg |

4-HYDROXY-4-METHYLPENTAN-2-ONE

Threshold Limit Value

| Type | Country | TWA/8h | | STEL/15min | | Remarks / Observations | |
|--|---------|--------|------|------------|--------|------------------------|--|
| | | mg/m3 | ppm | mg/m3 | ppm | | |
| TLV | CZE | 200 | 41,4 | 300 | 62,1 | | |
| AGW | DEU | 96 | 20 | 192 | 40 | SKIN | |
| MAK | DEU | 96 | 20 | 192 | 40 | SKIN | |
| TLV | DNK | 240 | 50 | | | | |
| VLA | ESP | 241 | 50 | | | | |
| VLEP | FRA | 240 | 50 | | | | |
| TGG | NLD | 120 | | | | SKIN | |
| NDS/NDSch | POL | 240 | | | | | |
| TLV | ROU | 150 | 32 | 250 | 53 | | |
| NGV/KGV | SWE | 120 | 25 | 240 (C) | 50 (C) | | |
| WEL | GBR | 241 | 50 | 362 | 75 | | |
| TLV-ACGIH | | 238 | 50 | | | | |
| Predicted no-effect concentration - PNEC | | | | | | | |

| | | systemic | systemic | systemic |
|------------|-----|--------------------|----------|------------------|
| Oral | VND | 1,67 mg/kg bw/d | | |
| Inhalation | VND | 37,2 mg/m3 | VND | 310 mg/m3 |
| Skin | VND | 15 mg/kg bw/d | VND | 65 mg/kg bw/d |

HYDROM HYDROPHONE SILICATE

Threshold Limit Value

| Type | Country | TWA/8h | | STEL/15min | | Remarks / Observations |
|------|---------|--------|-----|------------|-----|---------------------------|
| | | mg/m3 | ppm | mg/m3 | ppm | |
| AGW | DEU | 4 | | | | INHAL |
| MAK | DEU | 4 | | | | INHAL |

Legend:

(C) = CEILING ; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction ; RESP = Respirable Fraction ; THORA = Thoracic Fraction.

VND = hazard identified but no DNEL/PNEC available ; NEA = no exposure expected ; NPI = no hazard identified ; LOW = low hazard ; MED = medium hazard ; HIGH = high hazard.

8.2. Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration.

When choosing personal protective equipment, ask your chemical substance supplier for advice.

Personal protective equipment must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards.

Provide an emergency shower with face and eye wash station.

HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category III work gloves (see standard EN 374).

The following should be considered when choosing work glove material: compatibility, degradation, failure time and permeability.

The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of use.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category I professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Regulation 2016/425 and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

Consider the appropriateness of providing antistatic clothing in the case of working environments in which there is a risk of explosion.

EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN 166).

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) is exceeded for the substance or one of the substances present in the product, use a mask with a type A filter whose class (1, 2 or 3) must be chosen according to the limit of use concentration. (see standard EN 14387). In the presence of gases or vapours of various kinds and/or gases or vapours containing particulate (aerosol sprays, fumes, mists, etc.) combined filters are required.

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 137) or external air-intake breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 138). For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard EN 529.

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

| Properties | Value | Information |
|--|--------------------|-------------|
| Appearance | liquid | |
| Colour | various | |
| Odour | typical of solvent | |
| Melting point / freezing point | not available | |
| Initial boiling point | > 125 °C | |
| Flammability | not available | |
| Lower explosive limit | not available | |
| Upper explosive limit | not available | |
| Flash point | 23 ≤ T ≤ 60 °C | |
| Auto-ignition temperature | not available | |
| Decomposition temperature | not available | |
| pH | not available | |
| Kinematic viscosity | not available | |
| Solubility | not available | |
| Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water | not available | |
| Vapour pressure | 0,83 mmHg | |
| Density and/or relative density | 1,52 | |
| Relative vapour density | not available | |
| Particle characteristics | not applicable | |

9.2. Other information

9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Information not available

9.2.2. Other safety characteristics

VOC (Directive 2010/75/EU) 40,61 % - 617,73 g/litre

VOC (volatile carbon) 23,38 % - 355,71 g/litre

SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

Stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

With the air it may slowly develop peroxides that explode with an increase in temperature.

4-HYDROXY-4-METHYLPENTAN-2-ONE

Decomposes at temperatures above 90°C/194°F.

DIPROPYLEN GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER

Forms peroxides with: air.

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

The vapours may also form explosive mixtures with the air.

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

May react violently with: oxidising substances, strong acids, alkaline metals.

4-HYDROXY-4-METHYLPENTAN-2-ONE

Risk of explosion on contact with: air, sources of heat. May react dangerously with: alkaline metals, amines, oxidising agents, acids.

DIPROPYLEN GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER

May react violently with: strong oxidising agents.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid overheating. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Avoid all sources of ignition.

4-HYDROXY-4-METHYLPENTAN-2-ONE

Avoid exposure to: light, sources of heat, naked flames.

DIPROPYLEN GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER

Avoid exposure to: sources of heat. Possibility of explosion.

10.5. Incompatible materials

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

Incompatible with: oxidising substances, strong acids, alkaline metals.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of thermal decomposition or fire, gases and vapours that are potentially dangerous to health may be released.

SECTION 11. Toxicological information

In the absence of experimental data for the product itself, health hazards are evaluated according to the properties of the substances it contains, using the criteria specified in the applicable regulation for classification.

It is therefore necessary to take into account the concentration of the individual hazardous substances indicated in section 3, to evaluate the toxicological effects of exposure to the product.

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

The main route of entry is the skin, whereas the respiratory route is less important due to the low vapour pressure of the product.

Information on likely routes of exposure

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin.

4-HYDROXY-4-METHYLPENTAN-2-ONE

WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

Above 100 ppm causes irritation of the eye, nose and oropharynx mucous membranes. At 1000 ppm, disturbance of equilibrium and severe eye irritation can be noticed. Clinical and biological examinations carried out on exposed volunteers revealed no anomalies. Acetate produces greater skin and eye irritation with direct contact. No chronic effects on humans have been reported (INCR, 2010).

4-HYDROXY-4-METHYLPENTAN-2-ONE

Acute toxicity causes irritation of the eyes, nose and throat in humans at 100 ppm (476 mg/kg) and pulmonary disorders at 400 ppm. No chronic effects on humans have been reported. The substance may have a depressive effect on the respiratory centres and cause death from respiratory failure.

Interactive effects

Information not available

ACUTE TOXICITY

| | |
|----------------------------------|---|
| ATE (Inhalation) of the mixture: | Not classified (no significant component) |
| ATE (Oral) of the mixture: | Not classified (no significant component) |
| ATE (Dermal) of the mixture: | Not classified (no significant component) |

TITANIUM DIOXIDE

| | |
|----------------------------------|-----------------------|
| LD50 (Oral): | > 5000 mg/l Ratto/Rat |
| LC50 (Inhalation mists/powders): | > 6,82 mg/l Ratto/Rat |

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

| | |
|----------------------------|--------------------------------|
| LD50 (Dermal): | > 5000 mg/kg Coniglio / Rabbit |
| LD50 (Oral): | 8500 mg/kg Ratto / Rat |
| LC50 (Inhalation vapours): | 4345 ppm/6h Ratto / Rat |

2-ETHOSSI-1-METHYL ETHYL ACETATE

| | |
|----------------------------|-------------------------------|
| LD50 (Dermal): | 13,42 ml/Kg Coniglio / Rabbit |
| LD50 (Oral): | > 5000 mg/kg Ratto / Rat |
| LC50 (Inhalation vapours): | 6,99 mg/l/4h Rat |

Poliuretanic Resin

| | |
|----------------|--------------------------|
| LD50 (Dermal): | > 2000 mg/kg Ratto / Rat |
| LD50 (Oral): | > 5000 mg/kg Ratto / Rat |

4-HYDROXY-4-METHYLPENTAN-2-ONE

| | |
|----------------------------|--------------------------|
| LD50 (Dermal): | > 1875 mg/kg Ratto / Rat |
| LD50 (Oral): | 3002 mg/kg Rat |
| LC50 (Inhalation vapours): | > 7,6 mg/l Ratto / Rat |

DIPROPYLEN GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER

| | |
|----------------|-------------------------------|
| LD50 (Dermal): | 19020 mg/kg Coniglio / Rabbit |
| LD50 (Oral): | 5660 mg/kg Ratto / Rat |

SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION

Causes serious eye irritation

RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

CARCINOGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE

May cause drowsiness or dizziness

STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

ASPIRATION HAZARD

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

11.2. Information on other hazards

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with human health effects under evaluation.

SECTION 12. Ecological information

Use this product according to good working practices. Avoid littering. Inform the competent authorities, should the product reach waterways or contaminate soil or vegetation.

12.1. Toxicity

Poliuretanic Resin

LC50 - for Fish

> 100 mg/l/96h Danio rerio

EC50 - for Crustacea

> 100 mg/l/48h Daphnia magna

DIPROPYLEN GLYCOL MONOMETHYL
ETHER

| | |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| LC50 - for Fish | > 10000 mg/l/96h Pimephales promelas |
| EC50 - for Crustacea | 1919 mg/l/48h Daphnia Magna |
| EC10 for Algae / Aquatic Plants | > 969 mg/l/48h |

TITANIUM DIOXIDE

| | |
|-----------------|--|
| LC50 - for Fish | > 10000 mg/l/96h Cypridonon variegatus |
|-----------------|--|

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

| | |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| LC50 - for Fish | 134 mg/l/96h Pesce, Oncorhynchus mykiss OECD 203 |
| EC50 - for Crustacea | > 500 mg/l/48h Daphnia magna |
| EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants | > 1000 mg/l/72h Selenastrum capricornutum OECD 201 |
| Chronic NOEC for Fish | 47,5 mg/l Oryzias latipes 14 gg OECD 204 |
| Chronic NOEC for Crustacea | 100 mg/l Daphnia magna 21 gg OECD 202 |

2-ETHOSSI-1-METHYL ETHYL ACETATE

| | |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| LC50 - for Fish | 140 mg/l/48h Oncorhynchus mykiss (test 48h) |
| EC50 - for Crustacea | 110 mg/l/48h Daphnia magna |
| EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants | > 100 mg/l/72h Scenedesmus subspicatus |

4-HYDROXY-4-METHYLPENTAN-2-ONE

| | |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| LC50 - for Fish | > 100 mg/l/96h Oryzias latipes |
| EC50 - for Crustacea | > 1000 mg/l/48h Daphnia magna |
| EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants | < 1000 mg/l/72h Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata |

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Poliuretanic Resin

NOT rapidly degradable

Biodegradazione 1% 28 d Metodo di prova direttiva 92/69/CEE studi su prodotto analogo

DIPROPYLEN GLYCOL MONOMETHYL

ETHER

Solubility in water 1000 - 10000 mg/l

Rapidly degradable

OECD 301 F - 75% 10 d - 79% 28 d

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

Solubility in water > 10000 mg/l

Rapidly degradable

OECD GI 301F 83% 10 d

2-ETHOSSI-1-METHYL ETHYL ACETATE

Solubility in water > 10000 mg/l

Rapidly degradable

Activated sludge - 89%/15 d - 100%/28 d

4-HYDROXY-4-METHYLPENTAN-2-ONE

Solubility in water 1000 - 10000 mg/l

Rapidly degradable

AFNOR T 90-312 70% 10 d

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

DIPROPYLEN GLYCOL MONOMETHYL
ETHER
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 0,0043

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 1,2
BCF 100

2-ETHOSSI-1-METHYL ETHYL ACETATE
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 0,76
BCF 3,162

4-HYDROXY-4-METHYLPENTAN-2-ONE
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water -0,09

12.4. Mobility in soil

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE
Partition coefficient: soil/water 1,7

2-ETHOSSI-1-METHYL ETHYL ACETATE
Partition coefficient: soil/water 1

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage \geq than 0,1%.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with environmental effects under evaluation.

12.7. Other adverse effects

Information not available

SECTION 13. Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

Waste transportation may be subject to ADR restrictions.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

SECTION 14. Transport information

14.1. UN number or ID number

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: 1210

14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR / RID: PRINTING INK or PRINTING INK RELATED MATERIAL

IMDG: PRINTING INK or PRINTING INK RELATED MATERIAL

IATA: PRINTING INK or PRINTING INK RELATED MATERIAL

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR / RID: Class: 3 Label: 3

IMDG: Class: 3 Label: 3

IATA: Class: 3 Label: 3



14.4. Packing group

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: III

14.5. Environmental hazards

ADR / RID: NO

IMDG: NO

IATA: NO

14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR / RID: HIN - Kemler: 30

Limited Quantities: 5 L

Tunnel restriction code: (D/E)

Special provision: 163, 367

IMDG: EMS: F-E, S-D

Limited Quantities: 5 L

IATA: Cargo:

Maximum quantity: 220 L

Packaging instructions: 366

Pass.:

Maximum quantity: 60 L

Packaging instructions: 355

Special provision:

A3, A72, A192

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Information not relevant

SECTION 15. Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Seveso Category - Directive 2012/18/EU: P5c

Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006

Product

Point 3 - 40

Contained substance

Point 75

Regulation (EU) 2019/1148 - on the marketing and use of explosives precursors

not applicable

Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH)

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any SVHC in percentage \geq than 0,1%.

Substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV REACH)

None

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to Regulation (EU) 649/2012:

None

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

None

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

None

Healthcare controls

Workers exposed to this chemical agent must not undergo health checks, provided that available risk-assessment data prove that the risks related to the workers' health and safety are modest and that the 98/24/EC directive is respected.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has not been performed for the preparation/for the substances indicated in section 3.

SECTION 16. Other information

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

| | |
|---------------------|--|
| Flam. Liq. 3 | Flammable liq., category 3 |
| Eye Irrit. 2 | Eye irritation, category 2 |
| STOT SE 3 | Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3 |
| H226 | Flammable liquid and vapour. |
| H319 | Causes serious eye irritation. |
| H336 | May cause drowsiness or dizziness. |

LEGEND:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate
- CAS: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: Regulation (EC) 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative and toxic as REACH Regulation
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: Regulation (EC) 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative as for REACH Regulation
- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

1. Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
2. Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
3. Regulation (EU) 2020/878 (II Annex of REACH Regulation)
4. Regulation (EC) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
5. Regulation (EU) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
6. Regulation (EU) 618/2012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
7. Regulation (EU) 487/2013 (IV Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
8. Regulation (EU) 944/2013 (V Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
9. Regulation (EU) 605/2014 (VI Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
10. Regulation (EU) 2015/1221 (VII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
11. Regulation (EU) 2016/918 (VIII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
12. Regulation (EU) 2016/1179 (IX Atp. CLP)
13. Regulation (EU) 2017/776 (X Atp. CLP)
14. Regulation (EU) 2018/669 (XI Atp. CLP)
15. Regulation (EU) 2019/521 (XII Atp. CLP)
16. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2018/1480 (XIII Atp. CLP)

- 17. Regulation (EU) 2019/1148
- 18. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2020/217 (XIV Atp. CLP)
- 19. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2020/1182 (XV Atp. CLP)
- 20. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2021/643 (XVI Atp. CLP)
- 21. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2021/849 (XVII Atp. CLP)
- 22. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2022/692 (XVIII Atp. CLP)

- The Merck Index. - 10th Edition
- Handling Chemical Safety
- INRS - Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- Patty - Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- N.I. Sax - Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- IFA GESTIS website
- ECHA website
- Database of SDS models for chemicals - Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) - Italy

Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

CALCULATION METHODS FOR CLASSIFICATION

Chemical and physical hazards: Product classification derives from criteria established by the CLP Regulation, Annex I, Part 2. The data for evaluation of chemical-physical properties are reported in section 9.

Health hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 3, unless determined otherwise in Section 11.

Environmental hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 4, unless determined otherwise in Section 12.

For information on any exposure scenarios of the substances present in the mixture, contact Sericom Italia srl.

Changes to previous review:

The following sections were modified:

01 / 02 / 08 / 09 / 11 / 12 / 14 / 15 / 16.